

A Type System for Functional Traversal-Based Aspects

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Outline

Introduction

Example (Pure)

Semantics

Example (Full Dispatch)

Type System

Soundness

Intro: Traversals

AOP Modularizes Crosscutting Concerns

Traversal is an Important Concern

- Walk a Data Structure... Do Some Work
- Tedious to Write
- Crosscuts Data Definitions

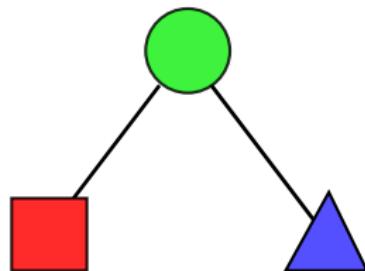
Intro: Functional Traversal

Functional Traversal

- Compute Without Mutation
- Multi-threading
- Safe But Flexible
- Eliminate Implicit Ordering

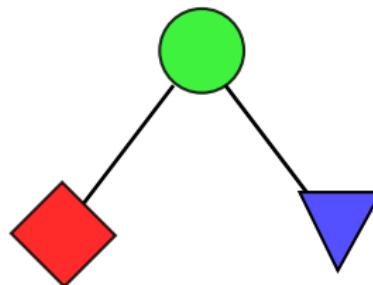
Intro: Functional Traversal

Tree Contraction



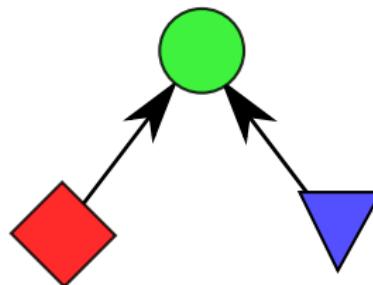
Intro: Functional Traversal

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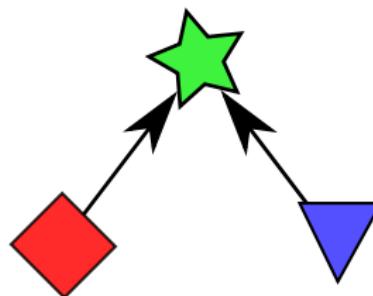
Intro: Functional Traversal

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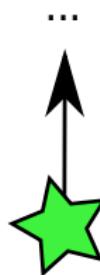
Intro: Functional Traversal

Tree Contraction



Intro: Functional Traversal

Tree Contraction



Goals: Modularity and Safety

Separate Traversals and Computation

- Traversal Flexibility/Control
- Freedom of Implementation
- Write Once or Generate from Structures

Enforce Safety With Types

- Express More of the Computation
- Assumptions Are Checked

Functional Traversal-Based Aspects

Sets of Functions Over a Depth-First Traversal

- Each Function Is **Advice**
- **Join Points** Are *After* Subtraversals Complete
- **Pointcuts** Are Function Signatures

Benefits

- Functional !
- Type Sound

Surface Syntax

$x ::= \text{variable names}$

$C ::= \text{concrete type names}$

$A ::= \text{abstract type names}$

$T ::= C \mid A$

$P ::= D_1 \dots D_n \ e$

$D ::= \text{concrete } C(T_1, \dots, T_n)$
 $\quad \mid \text{abstract } A(T_1, \dots, T_n)$

$e ::= x \mid \text{new } C(e_1, \dots, e_n) \mid \text{traverse}(e_0, F)$

$F ::= \text{funcset}(f_1 \dots f_n)$

$f ::= (T_0 \ x_0, \dots, T_n \ x_n) \{ \text{return } e; \}$

Example: Boolean Expressions

Data Definitions

```
abstract Exp (Lit, Neg, And, Or)
```

```
abstract Lit (True, False)
```

```
concrete True ()
```

```
concrete False ()
```

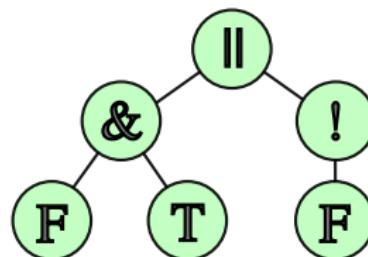
```
concrete Neg (Exp)
```

```
concrete And (Exp, Exp)
```

```
concrete Or (Exp, Exp)
```

Example: Boolean Expressions

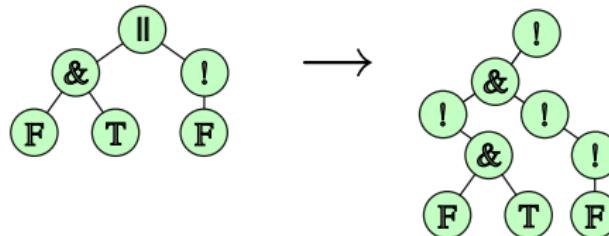
An Expression



```
new Or(new And(new False(),  
              new True()),  
       new Neg(new False()))
```

Example: Boolean Expressions

Or Elimination

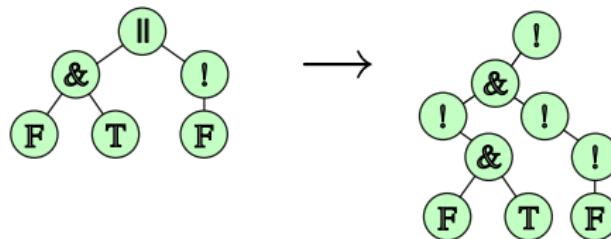


```
funcset(
    (True t){ return t; }
    (False f){ return f; }
    (Neg n, Exp e) { return new Neg(e); }
    (And a, Exp l, Exp r){ return new And(l,r); }

    (Or o, Exp l, Exp r){
        return new Neg(new And(new Neg(l),
                               new Neg(r)));
    }
)
```

Example: Boolean Expressions

Or Elimination



Other Functions Just Reconstruct

```
(Or o, Exp l, Exp r){  
    return new Neg(new And(new Neg(l),  
                           new Neg(r)));  
}
```

Semantics

Traversals and Dispatch

- Adaptive Depth-First Traversal
- Dispatch on First Argument Type
- Enforce Safety With Types

Functions

- Depend on Argument Order
- Can implement “Field” Access

Semantics: Expanded

Expanded Dispatch Semantics

- Asymmetric Multiple Dispatch
- Pattern Matching with Safety

Similar to CLOS Generic Functions

Example: Refactored

Abstract Binary Exp

```
abstract Exp (Lit, Neg, Bin)
```

```
...
```

```
concrete Bin (Op, Exp, Exp)
```

```
abstract Op (And, Or)
```

```
concrete And ()
```

```
concrete Or ()
```

Example: Refactored Evaluation

```
funcset(
    (Lit l){ return l; }
    (Neg n, True t) { return new False(); }
    (Neg n, False t){ return new True(); }

    (Op o){ return o; }

    (Bin b, And a, True l, True r){ return l; }
    (Bin b, And a, Lit l, Lit r)
        { return new False(); }

    (Bin b, Or o, False l, False r){ return l; }
    (Bin b, Or o, Lit l, Lit r)
        { return new True(); }
)
```

Benefits of Extended Dispatch

- Abstraction

`(Lit l){...}`

`(Bin b, And a, Lit l, Lit r){...}`

Handle Multiple Cases

- Type Flexibility

`(Bin b, ...){...} → Lit`

`(Op o){...} → Op`

Not Strictly Type “*Unifying*” or “*Preserving*”

- Type Safety

Adding `XOr` to `Op`

⇒ *error* `(Bin b, XOr x, ...)` not handled

Type System

Connect Static and Dynamic Worlds

- Advice Lookup Never Fails
- Advice Application Never Fails

Enables Flexible Traversal

- Dynamic (Reflection)
- Heap Based, With/Without Stack
- Complete Inlining

Typing Rules

$$[\text{T-VAR}] \quad \frac{x : T \in \Gamma}{\Gamma \vdash_e x : T}$$

$$[\text{T-NEW}] \quad \frac{\begin{array}{c} \text{concrete } C(T_1, \dots, T_n) \in P \\ \Gamma \vdash_e e_i : T'_i \quad T'_i \leq T_i \text{ for all } i \in 1..n \end{array}}{\Gamma \vdash_e \text{new } C(e_1, \dots, e_n) : C}$$

$$[\text{T-FUNC}] \quad \frac{\overline{x_i : T_i} \vdash_e e_0 : T}{\vdash_F (T_0 \ x_0, \dots, T_n \ x_n) \{ \text{return } e_0; \} : T}$$

$$[\text{T-TRAV}] \quad \frac{\Gamma \vdash_e e_0 : T_0 \quad \emptyset \vdash_T \langle T_0, F \rangle : T; \emptyset}{\text{traverse}(e_0, F) : T}$$

Traversal Typing Rules

[T-CTRAV]

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} \text{concrete } C (T_1, \dots, T_n) \in P \\ types(choose(F, C)) = (C, T''_1, \dots, T''_n) \quad \vdash_F choose(F, C) : T \\ \text{for all } i \in 1..n \quad T_i \notin \mathcal{X} \Rightarrow \mathcal{X} \cup \{C\} \vdash_T \langle T_i, F \rangle : T'_i; \Phi_i \wedge T'_i \leq T''_i \\ (C, T') \in (\Phi_1 \cup \dots \cup \Phi_n) \Rightarrow T \leq T' \quad \Phi = \{ (T_j, T''_j) \mid j \in 1..n \wedge T_j \in \mathcal{X} \} \\ \Phi' = \Phi \cup (\Phi_1 \cup \dots \cup \Phi_n) \setminus (C, -) \end{array}}{\mathcal{X} \vdash_T \langle C, F \rangle : T; \Phi'}$$

[T-ATRAV]

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} \text{abstract } A (T_1, \dots, T_n) \in P \\ \text{for all } i \in 1..n \quad T_i \notin \mathcal{X} \Rightarrow \mathcal{X} \cup \{A\} \vdash_T \langle T_i, F \rangle : T'_i; \Phi_i \wedge T'_i \leq T \\ (A, T') \in (\Phi_1 \cup \dots \cup \Phi_n) \Rightarrow T \leq T' \quad \Phi = \{ (T_j, T) \mid j \in 1..n \wedge T_j \in \mathcal{X} \} \\ \Phi' = \Phi \cup (\Phi_1 \cup \dots \cup \Phi_n) \setminus (A, -) \end{array}}{\mathcal{X} \vdash_T \langle A, F \rangle : T; \Phi'}$$

Soundness

Type System: Rules Out Runtime Errors

- Advice Lookup Never Fails
- Advice Application Never Fails
- Correctly Predicts Program Result

Notables

- Complete Functions
- Subtype Traversals Return Subtypes

Related Work

AOP Semantics: Bruns et al. [2004] Jagadeesan et al. [2003]
Wand et al. [2004]

AOP Soundness: Kammüller and Voesgen [2009] Walker et al.
[2003]

OO Type Soundness: Igarashi et al. [1999] Flatt et al. [1998]

Constraint Type Systems: Palsberg and Schwartzbach [1991]

Next Steps

Adding Features to the Model

- Multiple-dispatch
- Function Set Extension
- Traversal Control and Abstraction

Towards Traditional Adaptive Programming

Next Steps

Full Language Implementation

- Independent
- Or in a Future Functional Language

Implementation Features

- Type Directed Inlining
- Type Directed Traversal Generation
- Performance results

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